د وړتيا او پرمختگ مؤسسه چ 70 دويم پاره، پرله پسې ۲۹ کڼه، زمرې - وری ۱۳۹۲

ASSIST IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF HEALTHCARE SERVICES

During the past years of war in our lovely country most of healthcare centers were damaged or destroyed. Villages and rural areas are totally deprived of medical and health services while new medical facilities have increased in the cities. Fortunately the MoPH is working with a number of national and international NGOs who are continuing their healthcare activities throughout the country even in the less secure areas.

In the past decade or more, healthcare has expanded with new centers established and equipped with modern medical appliances. Activities have also expanded to the rural areas and villages with basic medical services. As these efforts and activities are providing very basic health care, there is a demand for more specialized services. This need unfortunately is driving people to seek treatment in foreign countries, specifically in the three neighboring countries of Iran, Pakistan and India.

There are some diseases such as polio, tuberculosis, and HIV/AIDS that have spread through the population. Although the levels of these diseases are low in Afghanistan compared to other countries, it is critical that health clinics provide information on health promotion, prevention of communicable diseases and the associated medical treatments. It is important that health clinic staff be trained to identify these illnesses even when they have not seen them before.

Polio has been targeted by the international community and a multiyear vaccination campaign has been underway for many years. Vaccine is sent to every corner of Afghanistan even on the backs of animals where there are no roads for cars. The Afghan government and international community are working together to keep Afghanistan free of all these diseases, but often in areas of conflict vaccine and health care workers do not reach the people in need. People from those areas complain and try to assure security but often opposition groups do not allow the vaccinators to implement the vaccination campaign.

This humanitarian appeal requests all who are involved in conflicts to facilitate the provision of healthcare services to the innocent people of our country, especially to the innocent children who benefit the most and are the future of the country. Please assist health workers.

This is our hope.

Kind regards.

د وړتيا او پرمختگ مؤسسه چ 19 دويم پراو، پرله پسې ۲۹ گڼه، زمره ۱۹۶۰ کا

GADOON & READERS



Professor Kamaluddin Kamal: Lecturer in Literature Faculty, Pashto Literature Department, University of Paktya

More than three decades of war in Afghanistan has left massive numbers of martyrs, persons with disabilities and displaced people who have lost their homes. People throughout the country continue to suffer the impact of landmines and many people have lost their lives and limbs. As of result of this and a lack of access to medical services, there are thousands of men, women, girls

and boys with disabilities living in Afghanistan. ... (Continue in Page 17)



I am Nazanin Milan student of class 12th at Sofi Muhammad Islam High School. I am one of the interested readers of Gadoon Magazine.

From my point of view, Gadoon is one of the most interesting publications as it is not only reflects productive and attractive topics but also actively reflects the abilities of persons with disabilities.

Through this interview I am requesting the publisher of this Magazineto increase the number

of copies printed to be distributed among the students. This magazine could help youth understand the rights of persons with disabilities and to help them in different aspect of the life.

د وړييا او پرمځنگ موسسه ۱۹۹۰ ډويم پراه، پرله پسې ۲۹ گڼه، زمرې ۱۹۰۰ کا۲

What are Persons with Disabilities Saying



I am Muhammad Ismail, resident of Khas Kunar in Kunar Province.

I was born on 1370 Hijri shamsi and suffer from Paralysis (Polio) since 1375. Both my feet are affected. Due to the war and restriction on the roads and on the borders, my family was not able to take me to a doctor or to look after me in a proper way. I have disability since my childhood. I wanted to continue my education but in our area there were no ramps or accessibility to school for persons with disabilities. Therefore I was unable to continue my education. So instead I started religious studies at home and learned the translation of Holy Quran, Hadith and the ISLAMIC

knowledge (Fiqa). In 1385 Hijri shamsi the road to school was constructed in our village so without any delay I admitted myself in 7th Class. I obtained first position in my classes and I'm successfully graduated in 1370 from the high school of Khas Kunar.

I have had many problems in the past, the biggest being the long distance from home to school which was 4-KM. But despite this, I continued my studies and I graduated from high school. I took the university exam and passed with 250 marks. I passed to the Faculty of Literature of Nangarhar Islamic University. But I did not know what to do there. I wanted to go to Kabul University and study medicine or computer science. So I took the exam again. I obtained a score of 267. have started preparation for admission to faculty in Kabul University; I want to pass to the faculty of medical or computer science to help my beloved country and person with disability in the future. My Message for all young people, especially to those with disabilities is this that they don't have to lose their hope. Continue your education and work to overcome the problems that you face in life. You should not feel helpless.

Physical Rehabilitation Services undertaken by DAO for Persons with disabilities of Kunar and Nuristan provinces

Prepared by Mr. M.Sarwar and translated into English by:

Mr. Atal Khan Gardiwal

According to the work plan DAO has provided services in Physiotherapy, Prosthetic and Orthotic for persons with disabilities from Kunar and Nuristan provinces. During the last three months the DAO Physical Rehabilitation center has provided rehabilitation services to 196 males and 38 females in Physiotherapy, prosthetic and Orthotic. **This** Physical rehabilitation center is financially supported by UNOPS through Mine action program in Afghanistan.

DAO produces artificial limbs as free of charge for persons with disabilities from Kunar and Nuristan provinces and it has made them capable to carry out their duties without any problem as like other people rather than being a person with a disability.



Despite the fact that they are consider as a burden on the society from the community point of views where they could independently participate at any sort of activities and to provide services to the community. At this center the rehabilitation services are provided to all new and old patients where services are also provided to children with disabilities from age 2 – 18.

As per the work plan of the center it was suppose to provide treatment to 219 persons with disabilities but fortunately this has been increased to 234. The center observed an increase in the number of patients since the last three months.

According to the rehabilitating plan the centre was supposed to provide treatment to 219 persons with disabilities and luckily the number increased to 234. The center observed an increase in the number of patients in the last three months.

Whenever this center has been

د وړتيا او پرمختک مؤسسه چ ولی دويم پراه، پراه پسې ۲۹ کټه، (مری ۱۹۵۰ ک۳۳

not established there persons with disabilities have been compelled to travel and visit Jalalaabad and other provinces for minor technical problems but now they get the required physical rehabilitation services with the help of this physical rehabilitation center in Kunar.

In the past they were spending a lot of Afghanis on travelling to other provinces in order to get the subject facilities and during their travel they were living away from their own residents but right now these services are available in Kunar. Because of DAO Physical rehabilitation center persons with disabilities are taking an active part in economical affairs while persons with disabilities also come from the tribal areas of Pakistan such as Bajawar, nearby districts of Ningarahar province. However on 17 April 2013 a training session was also organized for persons with disabilities in the above mentioned center.

Security is a common problem on the level of Afghanistan Kunar also has security problems like other provinces where the DAO physical rehabilitation center has continued it is activities despite the security problems.

We request all the international donors to financially support us so that we can provide basic services for persons with disabilities of Kunar, Nuristan and Afghan refugees from Peshawar, Pakistan and Bajawar agency.

On 17th May 2013 a meeting was held between the head of Persons with disabilities Organization in Kunar and PRC staff where they provide information about the problems faced by persons with disabilities. The head of PDO in Kunar has appreciated the activities undertaken by DAO and has asked the high ups of DAO to divert the attention of foreign donors to financially support this center so that the center shouldn't delay its activities. regard to the above mentioned issue DAO has had several meetings with former governor of Kunar Mr.Sayed Fazlullah Wahidi, Provincial director of Social Affairs and Martyrs and Disabled Mr.Atta Ullah Noori, Head of the Provincial assembly, Director of women affairs. Directorate of economy and directorate of refugees where they have been also informed about the activities of DAO.



Summary:

Development and Ability organization (DAO) is a nongovernmental, non-profit and non political organization founded in early 2004 to create awareness on the rights of persons with disabilities and to promote the capacity building of civil society and persons with disabilities throughout Afghanistan.

Based on the action plan of DAO we have undertaken a number of activities from 1st May 2013 to 31st to July 203 in different provinces like Kunar, Ningarhar and Kabul where training sessions are successfully conducted. The IPAC team of DAO has visited different districts of Kunar province, conducted survey on the needs and difficulties of civil society and conducted public functions for the members of the civil society.

CPI has made the assessment of DAO through which they also found that the resource center of DAO is opened for the use by the general public.





From May to July, 2013 I-PACS and PRC activities

3- Gatherings and training sessions:

All the employees of DAO have received different training form time to time with the financial support from the donor agency in DAO main office Kabul and Ningarhar province where these training sessions have increased the capacity and competency of our team. However as per the action plan of DAO the following training sessions have been conducted for the DAO staff and the CSOs.

Trainings conducted for the IPAC team of DAO continued for 15 days.

S.No	Name of workshop	Date
1	Management and Leadership	6th to 9th may 2013
2	Financial Management	13th to 16th may 2012
3	Advocacy	26th June 2013
4	Administration	21st July 2013
5	Public Relations	28th July 2013
6	Proposal Writing	4rth Julý 2013





4- Resource Centre (RC):

According to the work plan and working procedure of this centre that provides services free of charge like internet, English, computer, library and other information technology related issues where these services are not only provided to the CSOs but other members of the civil society and government employees also come and gained benefit out of this. The centre is well equipped with new technology. This center has been established for the capacity building provision of technical support to the CSOs which has not only pave the way for a very well coordination



among CSOs but it has enable them to learn how to solve their own problems and to exchange information with others they obtained from this center. According to the work plan the RC officer has performed his duties very well, honestly and he has always supported the CSO and civil society in general to solve their problems. During the life of the current grant a total of 33 persons from the civil society have visited the center for 195 times.



Total number of visits to the center: 195

Number of members of the people from the civil CSOs: 33

5- Gender Activities:

As the civil war has badly affected the Afghan women and children specially those women and children who are living in Kunnar and Nuristan where they are kept away from public awareness, education and trainings and as well as from their culture. For improving the life standards of these women and children the development and ability organization with the help of IPACS project and by the financial support of CPI specially the IPACS team has arranged this type of gatherings where

People from all walks of life such as religious scholars, teachers, tribal leaders, students etc participated in these gatherings. And they have taught the basic rights of men, women and children in the light of Islam. In addition to the rights of men, women and children, they have given information about the rights and respect of the elders, religious scholars, parents, teachers and other residents and members of the community which is a basic part of Islamic society. Up to maximum extent they have tried not to waste the basic rights of females, males, children and elders and should respect each other.

According to the work plan, the gender officer has met nine times with CSOS and some directorates to share information among each other regarding the gender related issues



from 1st May 2013 to 31st July 2013.

- Men and Woman rights in Islam
- Women inheritance right in Islam
- Women Education and in its importance in Islam
- Husband and Wife rights in Islam
- Gender equality
- Islam and Womanhood
- Woman and Education
- Gender Development

6- Group Discussions:

The development and ability organization in addition to the capacity building of civil CSO also arranges group discussions two or three times in a month on different topics in order to collect suggestions on the needs and problems.

During the project implementation phase concerned relevant individuals from group discussions have arranged 6 discussions(debates) and meanwhile the gatherings are followed by different relevant directorates where the conversations has taken part in the following regions:

Khas Kunnar, Sokay, Asadabad, Sarkano, Marawara, Watta Pur.

The following topics were the part of the conversations

- √ Women rights
- ✓ Importance of Vote Casting
- ✓ Responsibilities of Civil Society.
- √ Volunteer Services
- ✓ Empowering Civil societies
- ✓ Conflict resolution



Dear readers of Gadoon!

We have conducted an interview with Mr.M.Ali Mohabati National Prgoram coordinator on advocacy and rights of persons with disabilities and would like to divert your kind attention to it.

Q 1. First of all please introduce yourself to the readers of Gadoon.

Ans 1. I'm M.Ali Mohabati National Program Coordinator of Advocacy department for persons with disabilities in Afghanistan Independent Commission on Human Rights.

Q 2: Since how long are you working for persons with disabilities in AIHRC?

Ans 2: since the last 10 years I work for the AIHRC but from August 2008 I used to work as Advocacy officer for persons with disabilities in AIHRC field office in Kabul while after passing competency examination in 2010 I'm working as a coordinator for this department in AIHRC main office.

Q 3: What was the reason that AIHRC has started its work on disability?

Ans 3: Advocacy and support department on the rights of persons with disabilities established within the AIHRC since 2005 and until now the same department is busy in its work in 8 field offices, providing awareness,

advocacy and supervision on the rights of persons with disabilities. The basis to have the advocacy department is based on the law, structure and legal power of AIHRC mentioned in article 21 and article 26. On other hand we know that at least there are 840000 persons with disabilities with severe disabilities and the war still continued for the last 30 years. addition to article 26 and the causes of disabilities it is needed that this number of persons with disabilities need to benefit from the government and the program from NGOs working under this heading to empower them and the required services to be provided to them and this is only possible that the government consider itself responsible for the development and implementation of the relevant laws that benefit persons with disabilities. This can be possible that problems and needs of these people to be raised through mass media etc and it can be conveyed to the people, authorities and persons with disabilities themselves.

Therefore AIHRC has felt the need and for the supervision, support and development of their human rights one department has been established in 8 field offices and right now based on the frequent requests from persons with disabilities this department has started its work in 4 provincial offices for this current year.

Q 4: up to date which activities are implemented for persons with

disabilities in this regard?

The activities implemented in this awareness raising regard are activities and up to date thousands of people from different categories of individuals from the community got information on the rights of with disabilities, Radio persons and TV interviews conducted in the provinces on the rights of persons with disabilities. Production and distribution of posters, billboards, films, spots and their telecast through mass media and production of pamphlets on the situation of persons with disabilities is another activity on the awareness creation and further continued. Production and distribution of a monthly newsletter on brail writing is a good activity on the level of three field offices and its worth mentioning. Currently in our 3 field offices Hirat, Mazar-Sharif and Kabul this monthly publication produced with good articles and distributed to organizations, individuals, the Associations of visually impaired people as without any doupt that this monthly publication is the start of a new chapter for giving the right of different categories of persons with disabilities.

Advocacy is the another program that the departments of this section in all the offices tried a lot to establish advocacy committee for persons with disabilities and we have very fruitful result out of this I should only point to the two major achievements in this regard.

First of all our first achievement was the ratification of the UNCRPD and official joining of the country to this convention and the second is the approval of the country national disability law through the country's parliament and reforms in a number of articles of this law that those were in the benefit of persons with disabilities can be mentioned as our achievements. Creation of job placement opportunities in Mazar-e-Sharif through placement of the stalls and establishment of a disability school in that province is our other achievement which has been jointly achieved with the assistance from other fellow organizations.

The third issue is the supervision of the status of persons with disabilities that up to date has taken place on their family and community level about their due rights on physical accessibility to public places can be mentioned as an example as every one of these reports having specific proposal and the government has to take some practical steps in this regard.

Q 5: Do you have positive outcome of the activities implemented so far in this regard?

For sure I can said that the activities implemented in this regard they are very much productive and from those issues that they are worth to be mentioned are the change the people behavior, identification of the rights of a person with a disability, showing to respect to their dignity and status

on the community level, people and government officials, refrain from taking negative and improper names to persons with disabilities are the achievements of this program off course next to us the civil society organizations have a major role.

Divert the attention of the government to the problems and issue of disability with regard to their health, education, occupation and employment, access to the accessible environment, establishment of special schools for the visually impaired persons and hearing impaired people and inclusion of children with disabilities in all the schools are the issues that they are achieved through collective work with other civic organizations and human rights activists.

Q6: As we know you are also a member of the advocacy committee for persons with disabilities explain the activities of the committee?

Ans 6: Yes I'm also a member of the Advocacy committee for persons with disabilities and at the same time since the last 3 years I have the responsibility of secretariat of the This committee has a committee. procedure and an annual action plan and based on that the activities are jointly carried out with the members and the committee has a very good achievements and we can take the names of the UNCRPD ratification, Approval of the national disability law. ratification of the cluster Munitions convetion and proposals for the reforms within the national disability

law for the benefit and privileges of persons with disabilities, giving suggestion to the national electrol law to the parliament, meetings with the Ministers and commissions of the lower house and upper house of the parliament.

Q 7: What is your message to the organizations working in the field of disability?

Ans 7: My message the to organizations working in the field of disability is this that to keep in view the projects for these people that they are beneficial for persons with disabitlies and they are based on the their daily requirements and to be a means of self sufficiency for persons with disabilities. Discuss this with the donor and to avoid the reimplementation of the same projects again and also encourage the Ministry of Labor, Social Affairs, Martyrs and Disabled to advocate in this regard.

Q 9: your point of view is needed with regard to the production and distribution of Gadoon magazine?

Ans 9: Gadoon magazine has a vital role in an introduction of exemplary faces and it is an indicator persons disabilities with publishing informative and interesting topics for the understanding of the community and there is a need that this publication covers more and be distributed to all persons with disabilities and their organizations. Another request of mine from the publisher of this magazine is this that to publish encouraging messages for children with disabilities to persuade them for their education and to reflect their actual need as the legitimate right of this vulnerable segment and indicate the challenges ahead while Afghanistan is now a member state to the convection about persons with disabilities, solution of all those problems faced by persons with disabilities and this is up to the line Ministries to take positive and concrete actions in this regard.

Q 10: What is your point of views about the activities of Development and Ability organization (DAO)?

Ans 10: with regard to your question about the Development and Ability Organizations (DAO) I should said that yes, I'm familiar with the activity of this office since a long time because they are the founding and active member of the advocacy committee for persons with disabilities, Gadoon magazine and broadcast and telecast of the radio and TV programs, Management and running an orthopedic center in Kunar and all the awareness raising programs, advocacy can be counted. These activities are much beneficial and productive on the promulgation of human rights of persons with disabilities, additionally development and publishing of National Disability Terminology (NDT) is another activity of this organization which is very much beneficial for all I wish them and demand success from Allah Almighty.

Thanks.

Interview

Question 1: First, if you could shed some light on the work you do, Mr. Miakhel?

The United States Institute of Peace (USIP) has been working in Afghanistan since 2002 but officially opened a small office in 2008. Most of our focus was on rule of law and traditional justice. In 2009, USIP's Afghanistan office became fully operational and that is when I joined the organization as the country director. Currently, we work in areas such as media, civil society, good governance, and rule of law, among others, to help promote peace, prevent conflicts through non-violence means. A majority of our projects are implemented by various civil society and nonprofit organizations that are registered with the Government

of Afghanistan. We provide grants and fund small innovative projects in the area of peace building and conflict resolution. Presently, we work with more than 20 civil society organizations.

Question 2: As it is seen, war is spreading day-by-day. You work in an organization that focuses on efforts to sustain peace in this country. How is it possible to create an environment that is conducive for peace efforts and there is an end to the war?

On the one hand Afghanistan is facing challenges, but on the other hand there are also good opportunities that Afghan leadership and people should take advantage of to build a national



consensus, bring reforms to government institutions and design and implement rule of law programs. There is no doubt that the Afghan leadership has not taken full advantage of the opportunities that were present here from international assistance for the last 12 or so years. However, next year elections and transfer of power through peaceful and legitimate means will be a new opportunity for the people of Afghanistan. If a new and legitimate leadership, that has credibility both domestically and internationally, emerges from these elections, then there is hope that peace and security will sustain and an opportunity will exist for good governance and development.

Question 3: Mr. Miakhel, do you think elections will be held if the current situation persists and the security

situation deteriorates?

There is no doubt that the current situation is unacceptable. There is a need for positive change; however, this change is impossible without credible and inclusive elections and any other scenario will bring instability. There might be some security challenges but there are worse places in the world, in terms of security, where elections have taken place. And I believe it is possible in Afghanistan to have credible and inclusive election. In my view, rigging in elections will be a bigger challenge. Not conducting elections or elections that are full of rigging will raise doubts on the credibility of the government. So it will be hard for the international community to support an illegitimate government beyond 2014.

Question 4: Will elections be transparent in an environment lacking security and stability?

Corruption and fraudulent within the election is not all tied to security and stability because if we look at the last few elections, fraud did not occur due to lack of security - but because of candidates, their supporters and government institutions, specifically the election commission, had a role in it.

Question 5: In your view, what is the biggest challenge facing the elections and how can we prevent it?

In my opinion, the most important challenge facing the elections is inability to form credible teams and a lack of credible candidates. By having credible teams and candidates it can give good messages to the people, which can lead to trust in people to participate in elections. Peoples' lack of interest will be a big blow to the process. Similarly, the election commission staying neutral and government's non-interference will be very important. After these challenges, I

believe security situation will be important in some areas but if the government has political will it can certainly solve it.

Question 6: Presently, a lot of people are worried about 2014 scenario. How do you see 2014 and how do you view peoples' concerns and fear? For example, one of the concerns of the people is that after 2014 Afghanistan will be struck with economic hardship?

If in 2014 the transfer of power is carried out in a legitimate process, then solutions can be found for the challenges. But if there is no political stability, then security and economic challenges will increase. There is no doubt that the next government will have to do more with less resources because the aid that come in the last 12 years with less or no stipulations will not be there anymore. But the opportunity will be there to use fewer resources for the most impact. So far the presence of a lot of resources has brought about a war economy and more money in itself has become a source of instability.

Question 7: After 2014, how do you think the world will view Afghanistan? Will they continue their assistance with Afghanistan?

After 2014, in my view international community aid will depend on credibility and legitimacy of the government and political stability. But international aid will be less and assistance to the new government will depend on legitimacy.

Question 8: Do you think foreign withdrawal will lead to a repeat of 1992?

If the next government has credibility on both national and international level, then I don't think 1992-like scenario will return because current situation is different than those years. But if the government loses credibility then there is worry.



interviewed Mohammad
Naeem Rahimi, a 23 yearold high school graduate
who currently lives in
the Khairkhana region of
Kabul.

I lost both of my legs above the knee in a land mine explosion that occurred while I was working in an insecure province. In addition to losing both legs, my right hand is also severely injured.

Although my family is very supportive and does not allow me to feel helpless because of my disability, many of my friends have been quite harsh. They have said bad things about me, even accusing me of becoming disabled in order to collect money. Such comments are particularly distressing for me as the accident happened while I was working, and I would like nothing more than to find a job right now.

After my disability, I married a wonderful woman who treats me well, however, it is very disappointing for me to be unemployed and unable to support my family. I live comfortably thanks to the support of my father who is the only breadwinner in the family right now. I would like to complete my education and find a job, however, there are many expenses such as transportation that I simply cannot afford. Although I have not been trained for a specific vocation, I do have a strong command of three languages — Pashto, Dari and English —

and hope to find work with these skills.

There are many disabled people in Afghanistan who are living in poverty and would like to find livelihoods to support themselves and become selfsufficient. We need the organizations that work for persons with disabilities to become stronger and more active. On behalf of all the persons with disabilities of Afghanistan, we respectfully request President Karzai and the Ministry of Labor, Social Affairs, Martyrs and Disabled (MoLSAMD) to provide more comprehensive support for persons with disabilities by providing vocational training and establishing economic enterprises for so that persons with disabilities can become self-sufficient and contribute to rebuilding our country.

Although I am very upset about my disability, I will do everything possible to find a job and become self-sufficient so that I can continue working as I did before I became a person with a disability. This is my goal and my strongest wish.

My message for persons with disabilities is that we should all work hard so that we can become self-sufficient and not dependent on others. We all know that having a disability does not mean we are unable to contribute to society. We simply need some initial help in creating economic opportunities so that we can work and lead a life of dignity.

I am always pleased to read the Gadoon magazine and to learn about the challenges faced by persons with disabilities as well as the positive contributions that we make. I hope that my message will encourage everyone to become more active in developing vocational opportunities so that persons with disabilities will not live in isolation but will have the chance to become self-sufficient and serve our country.

GADOON & READERS...

Social organization and the government have offered little support to them and the rights of persons with disabilities are not being upheld. Persons with disability say that the monthly package provided by the government is not enough to fulfill all our daily needs. Some community members disrespect persons with disabilities and say they have poor personalities but this in not correct. All persons with disabilities are part of society and have the same and equal right as other members of Afghan society. The have the right to live and they work with respect.

Gadoon (Inclusion) is a magazine that covers issues of persons with disabilities. It is a forum to speak of their needs, problems, desires, and ambitions and to call out to government executives, welfare organizations and the general public people in Afghanistan raising awareness about the rights of persons with disabilities.

I am the greatest fan and reader of Gadoon. I enjoy all the themes and discussions. My heart is touched when reading about persons with disabilities. I have some suggestions that I think will make Gadoon more interesting and useful:

- Gadoon is for persons with disability, it should contain only topics about persons with disabilities in order to reflex the real life of persons with disabilities.
- Gadoon should contains one or two topics about disability for public awareness and advocacy
- The use of both national languages should be continued as this makes it accessible to many in one language or the other.
- Gadoon should be available on line and in English to increase distribution to persons of disability who have internet access and those outside of Afghanistan.

GADOON & READERS...



Professor Muhammad Daud (Mangal) who is a lecturer of literature from Faculty of Paktya University

We can find Media in major parts of Afghanistan with various names and busy in their activities of productions as audio, video & press release especially in these current circumstances media is playing a model role. Among all these one is Gadoon Magazine that covers historical, literatural and cultural issues and beside all these it gives a great coverage and some important articles that clearly stand for truth and the reality of these persons with disabilities.

These themes and articles have great impact on the mind and heart of its readers and anyone whom read Gadoon Magazine will show great sympathy and will support these persons with disabilities, and this is the secrete behind its success and popularity .Gadoon magazine shows the way and encourage other publications to support and show great sympathy toward person with disabilities by publishing the stories of persons with disabilities and this is the only way to overcome and solves the problems

of these persons with disabilities and through these publications we can inform the related and responsible people and departments that what they desire and wish to be and to have because of our afghan society we can find lots war effected victim such as man ,woman, youth and elderly people beside all these we have lots martyrs and lots persons with disabilities both male and females during Jihad and civil war in Afghanistan.

These persons with disabilities are suffering from major problems of now days and they are passing the day and night with lots of difficulties and in poverty.

Neither government officials nor these charitable organizations have done to support these persons with disabilities and to solve their daily problems,

At this stage I can say that these persons with disabilities are part of our society. And we know that disability is not inheritance to anyone.. So it is clear that our society is build by these people and we have to respect them in every aspect of life. So these nonprofit organizations should make such a set up and programs in order to help and support these persons with disabilities .so these persons with disabilities will be able to work and to work for Afghanistan .they will be able to have a good family and a happy life.

In the conclusion, I would like to thank all the staff of Gadoon Magazine from the core of my heart for their Islamic and Humanitarian act for these innocent and harmless people. We have to share all these vital and the most indispensible issues with government executives and related department to helped them out and to have a closer look for their problems.